

## GRAND JURY CITED TO WAVE OF CRIME

**Judge Shackelford Issues Strong Instructions—Prevention Is Law Enforcement**

"Gentlemen I admonish you not to pass the buck to the next grand jury. If you see anything to do, do it, but don't pass the buck to the next grand jury, as has been done in other counties."

Thus members of the Madison county grand jury were instructed by Judge W. R. Shackelford, after that body had been duly selected and sworn in Tuesday morning to serve during a part of the October term of Circuit court.

The attention of the grand jurors was called to the saturation of crime that has swept the country, Madison county not being an exception, during the past few months. While there were no individual cases cited, the attention of the jurors was called to the fact that abolition of crime devolved upon the courts and enforcement of laws, and that it was their duty to make investigations and return indictments wherein they found the situation justified such action.

Judge Shackelford's charge was the most elaborate, eloquent, earnest, and appealing that has ever been rendered in the Madison circuit court, according to the opinion of a number of well known attorneys who were present and expressed themselves after he had concluded.

The laws in every phase, were touched upon, as well as the duty of the jurors, and many new legislative measures were explained, as well as the fact that the grand jurors were not convicts but investigators, of crime, in the name of the people of the county, and that it was the duty of the petit jury to mete out justice. However, the law would become lax and crime continue unless there was a rigid enforcement and this was advocated in every sense of the word.

"The man who is intoxicated and in charge of an automobile, is more dangerous to the community than a man with a loaded pistol in his pocket," said Judge Shackelford, in explaining the law regarding the propelling of motor vehicles by persons under the influence of liquor.

The city and county officials and especially the chief of police were commented upon extensively for the successful and effective manner in which they have been handling such cases as came under their jurisdiction.

The jurors were informed that they should inform the sheriff of witnesses wanted, and they would, through subpoenas, be called upon to give information.

Misdemeanors were dwelt upon extensively, and larceny, murder, forgery, miscellaneous shooting etc., were given attention. Judge Shackelford stated that with one exception he had never known a man charged with stealing chickens to escape penal servitude; however, there were many charged with murder, forgery, shooting and the like who were let go.

"It is almost a sure shot that the man charged with stealing chickens," he said, "will be convicted, and it is almost as sure a shot on the other hand that those charged with a more serious offense will be able to escape going to prison, in many cases at least."

"A laxity of the law means a continuation of crime," he said. "The failure of the officials and those concerned and responsible not enforcing the law holds those persons, in a way, responsible for the condition of affairs and they are relied upon to see that the law is obeyed. There have been many instances where a man has been convicted of murder, but I don't remember of one instance where in that man has been indicted by grand jury for carrying a concealed weapon, and had it not been for the weapon the crime would never have been committed."

It is within the bounds of reason to believe that every man in the county who carries a concealed weapon, can be convicted. This would stop the killing. There may be fights, but that would be about the amount of it.

"If the law is not enforced, it shows that it is the desire not to have it enforced, and there will be a continuation of misdemeanors. I ask you to expedite matters and return indictments in such a manner that the cases can be investi-

gated and heard and disposed of this term of court. According to the estimation of some people, there is no such thing as private ownership of property, the laws have become so lax in some regards."

At this juncture Judge Shackelford said that when he arose at his home this morning he found three men tearing up the sidewalk in front of his home; said sidewalk having been placed there at his own expense.

"This laxity of law goes to illustrate the manner and extent to which some people will go, believing they have a right to do as they please with any property, no matter whether it is private or public. So it lies at last with the grand jurors, for any community that supinely lies down under aggression and allows others to wilfully destroy property of others, whether it be real estate or life, admits of this free feeling to be expanded and become more in evidence."

"If you gentlemen fail to do your duty, don't come around and argue that the laws are not being enforced, for it will then be too late. I state that there ever was a grand jury needed in Madison county, one is needed now and I persist and insist upon prevailing upon you doing your duty as jurors to the best of your ability."

**The Grand Jurors**  
The list of men comprising the grand jury called upon to officiate at this term of court, which will perhaps go down in history as one of the most important sessions in Madison county, is as follows:

C. C. Coy, foreman; A. K. McCown, C. J. Turner, Ed W. Turner, J. B. Cox, L. A. Duerson, John Kidd, John Thomas, S. M. Cornelison, J. E. Moore, R. L. Potts, Suedder Pearson.

The petit jury was soon afterwards chosen and is composed of: John L. Combs, G. T. Griggs, Wm. L. Clark, George McKinney, John Doty, P. L. Willing, E. C. Coshy, Green Stocker, W. A. Archibuckle, Burgin Cosby, H. C. James, Reed Jones, W. P. Dunbar, C. E. Douglas, D. B. Shackelford, Charles Cornelison, James Brown, C. H. Parks, C. B. Foley, Archie Dunn, Robert T. Dunn, William Wheeler, M. M. Broughton, Geo. G. Gentry, Guy Duerson, J. E. Parks, J. T. Reeves, Sherman Hunley, Chester Parks, B. F. Wilson.

The members of the grand jury were informed that arrangements would be made for their adjournment at times, and that anyone with reasonable excuse would be excused, however, Judge Shackelford stated it as his opinion that it was their duty to serve if possible; that they would be excused for a day or two at a time, and plans would be made to make it convenient all around. As a result of this, there was not a one asked to be excused from duty.

Upon the securing of the petit jurors, Judge Shackelford immediately got busy, and will have a number of criminal cases to dispose of while the grand jury is busy. He stated he did not expect to have any of the more important cases heard for a little time, owing to the fact that time would be required in preparation summoning witnesses, etc., after indictments had been returned. He will get to the civil docket, it is believed, yet this week when a number of cases will be disposed of.

However, the criminal record was begun and the case of John VanWinkle, charged with pointing deadly firearms, was the first one called. The witnesses were present and the attorneys reported they were ready for trial, whereupon the introduction of evidence was begun.

There are many people from this and other counties in the city as a result of the activity of the grand jury, and many who have been summoned to appear upon the first day. It is known that while there have been on indictments returned yet, there will be within a very short time and in some of the most important to be heard. One of these, it is known is that against Emil Lohrisch, against whom there is a formal charge of murder. Lohrisch, who is suffering from self-inflicted injuries, remains at the Patti A. Clay Infirmary in a serious condition. His physical as well as his mental condition is said to be precarious.

There are a number of other murder, forgery and shooting cases to be given attention, and it is expected indictments in most of them will be returned this week.

## CLEVELAND WINS FIRST IN BIG SERIES

(By Associated Press)

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Brooklyn with 25,000 fans, filled Ebbetts Field here today and saw the Cleveland American League pennant winners and Brooklyn National League champion, battle in the first of the world's series. The weather is superb.

**At Brooklyn**  
123 456 789—R  
Cleveland .....020 100 000—3  
Brooklyn .....000 000 100—1  
Batteries: for Cleveland, Coveliski and O'Neil; for Brooklyn Marquard and Krueger.

## HELPS BEAT H. C. L.

Lexington has nothing on Richmond, for coincident with announcement there that flour has dropped, Mr. Allen Zaring, of the J. W. Zaring Grain and Mill Co., announced here Tuesday that his flour has been reduced 40 cents on the barrel, and meal 20 cents per bushel. This will, of course, be mighty good news to the people of Richmond and vicinity.

## Negro Killed Over Dog

Stanford, Ky., Oct. 5.—Ben Ferrell, 73 years old, of Moreland, shot and killed Dick Lee Willis, negro, on the pike in front of Ferrell's home Monday morning. A quarrel arose over the shooting of Ferrell's dog a few days ago. It is also reported that Willis had threatened Ferrell. Willis was an ex-convict and had been in a number of difficulties. Ferrell called the sheriff and gave himself up. He is now under guard here.

## Ship Operators Held To Grand Jury By U. S.

(By Associated Press)

New York, Oct. 5.—Victor Fox and William H. Kaiser, steamship operators, today were indicted by the Federal grand jury on charges of conspiracy to defraud the United States in connection with the purchase of a number of Shipping Board vessels bought on the installment plan.

## Here's Hays' Latest With Pipe Still Going

(By Associated Press)

Chicago, Oct. 5.—Republican National Chairman Hays today issued a statement saying that Harding would carry all of New England, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky, Wisconsin, Illinois, and a good chance to carry Tennessee and North Carolina. He said west of the Mississippi he will carry every state except Arkansas, Louisiana, and that Texas is doubtful.

## Proposed Coal Rate Increase Postponed

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Oct. 5.—The proposed increased rates on coal from Kentucky, Tennessee and northwestern points on the L. & N., was suspended today until next February 2, by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

## CONVICTIONS UPHELD IN ALL THE I. W. W. CASES

(By Associated Press)

Chicago, Oct. 5.—The United States circuit court of appeals handed down a decision today upholding the conviction of W. D. Haywood and 93 other I. W. W.'s sentenced to prison for obstructing the draft laws during the war. Haywood was formerly general secretary of the I. W. W.'s and most of the other defendants are at liberty under bond.

## QUARANTINE AGAINST YELLOW FEVER IN SOUTH

Washington, Oct. 5.—Yellow fever is prevalent at all principal ports along the east coast of Mexico. To prevent a possible spread to the United States, the public health service has placed quarantine restrictions against all travelers from the ports. Epidemic reports from Tuxpam and Vera Cruz are received with many deaths.

## Today's Livestock Markets

Cincinnati, Oct. 5.—Cattle extremely low; hogs 50c lower; Chicago, 25c lower; prospects not good.  
Louisville, Oct. 5.—Cattle 600; slow and unchanged; common inactive; hogs 600; 50c lower; tops \$15.50; sheep 150; steady and unchanged.

## NEGRO WOMEN VOTE CUTS A BIG FIGURE

**Republicans Lead In Registration In Richmond Up To Four O'clock—Figures**

Unless there is a strong white democratic registration after four o'clock this afternoon, the negro women vote will carry the city of Richmond republican for the first time in a long time if the voters follow indications given in registration figures as gathered by the Daily Register up to 4 o'clock this afternoon.

At that hour the republicans had registered 1,168 as against 1,104 for the democrats. The heavy vote of the negroes in the two Francis, Normal, 28 and City Hall precincts are responsible for the closeness of the vote. In City Hall precinct 206 negro women registered as against only 98 negro men.

The registration as obtained up to 4 o'clock shows the following vote as between the republicans and democrats:

	Dem.	Rep.
Court House	261	92
Francis No. 4	72	197
City Hall	94	324
Water Tower	142	66
Francis No. 29	91	214
Normal No. 28	66	149
Normal, No. 3	182	47
Breck	196	79

1104-1168

It was impossible to obtain a separation of the various elements of the registration when the Daily Register's report closed at 4 o'clock. Several precinct officers did not figure the white and colored and men and women separately in making up this preliminary table for the newspaper. The following is the registration in those that did separate the registration:

	City Hall
Republicans—White men 10; negro men 98; white women 10; negro women 206.	
Democrats—White men 49; negro men 4; white women 41.	
	Water Tower
Republicans—White men 34; negro men 1; white women 30; negro women 1.	
Democrats—White men 66; white women 75.	
	Normal No. 3
Republicans—White men 21; negro men 2; white women 17; negro women 7.	
Democrats—White men 84; white women 98.	
	Breck
Republicans—White men 11; negro men 22; white women 16; negro women 30.	
Democrats—White men 78; white women 118.	

## GOV. COX TRIP THROUGH KENTUCKY

The full itinerary of Governor Cox's two days campaigning in Kentucky has been announced by Harry V. McChesney, chairman of the speakers' bureau. He enters the state during the wee sma' hours on the morning of October 7, arriving at Elizabethtown about 4 o'clock in the morning, where his private car will be dropped off at a siding. He speaks at Elizabethtown at 9 o'clock and catches the 10 o'clock train out for Bowling Green where his car is dropped off again and he speaks in the afternoon. He leaves Bowling Green at 6 o'clock for Nashville for a night address. His car is pulled out of Nashville at 3 o'clock on the morning of October 8 for Paducah. At Paducah he makes a set address; then catches the early morning train for Louisville. His car will be hooked onto the regular schedule train which gives him an opportunity for the following addresses:

Kuttawa, 2 minutes; Princeton, 7 minutes; Dawson Springs, 5 minutes; Nortonville, 7 minutes; Greenville, a momentary stop; Central City, 8 minutes; Beaver Dam, 3 minutes; Horse Branch, Leitchfield, Cecilia and West Point, all brief stops.  
He arrives in Louisville at 5:55 p. m., which gives him plenty of time to rest for the monster mass meeting which has been arranged in his honor for that evening.

## Weather For Kentucky

Fair tonight and Wednesday; somewhat cooler tonight in east and central portion.

Cleveland syndicate contemplates buying of Cental Union 'phone company's property, estimated to be worth millions.

## JUDGE GILBERT OPENS CAMPAIGN

**Democratic Candidate For Congress Scores Republicans For Exploiting the Soldier**

Liberty, Ky., Oct. 4.—Opening his campaign for election to congress here today, Judge Ralph Gilbert, of Shelbyville, democratic candidate, scored the republican party for attempting to exploit the soldier, showed the hypocrisy of the republicans in claiming to be for the bonus for soldiers and failing to enact a law providing for such bonus, though in control of both houses of congress, endorsed the League of Nations, not only as a means of preserving the peace of the world, but of assuring stable markets for the farmer's products; declared himself for necessary relief for the soldiers as provided in the democratic platform and for which the democratic candidate for president stands and for the election of Senator Beckham, in whose interest he appealed to the women voters as one who had stood for all they had hoped and prayed for through so many years.

A large crowd heard Judge Gilbert and applauded him heartily, indicating an interest in the speech and in the election that bodes no good for the republican candidate for re-election.

Judge Gilbert was informed that the democrats of Casey county not only would vote, but that their women also would go to the polls.

Judge Gilbert declared that the League of Nations was a means of preserving the peace of the world. He said he thought it vastly more important to have a "League of Nations" than to waste time fighting for a perfect League of Nations. He said that every argument advanced against the League of Nations had been urged against the constitution of the United States, which, after all was only a league of nations, and that every one of these arguments had been demonstrated by time to be groundless. He said that every religious body and educational institution in the country which had adopted any resolution on the subject had endorsed the League of Nations and that it was important to the rest of the world that the United States enter it.

Judge Gilbert said that as long as America is an exporting nation she must necessarily be dependent upon the markets of the world for her prosperity and that the peace of the world must be depended on to protect and stabilize these markets. He showed how the League of Nations would thus be of immense benefit to the American farmer for years to come. He declared the low price of tobacco to be a direct result of the failure to stabilize markets of the world that would have followed the entry of the United States into the League of Nations and showed how the loss due to that failure had fallen upon the American tobacco growers.

Discussing the proposed bonus for soldiers of the world war, Judge Gilbert said that "the republicans had been guilty of purposely deceiving the soldiers." He asserted that he was in favor of the bonus plan proposed by the democratic platform on which Governor Cox stood and which he had promised to carry into effect if he is elected president. Judge Gilbert said, however, that he was not for any bonus plan that would keep 400,000 negroes idle for two years in the south at a time when their labor was most needed and that these negro soldiers had been better fed, better clothed and better housed while in the army than they were ever in their lives. He told the service men present that the only hope for them of obtaining recognition of their splendid patriotic service lay in the election of the democratic ticket, for the republicans, he said, had had both houses of congress and had not passed a bonus bill, the one which passed the house and for which his opponent voted, having been a piece of political camouflage intended purposely to deceive the soldiers. They could easily have passed a bonus bill, Judge Gilbert said, but had failed to do so.

Discussing the price of farm products and what the democratic administration had done for the farmer, Judge Gilbert asked: "Under what administration during all history have you received greater returns for your labor?"

Judge Gilbert pointed to the fact that Senator Beckham was a product of the rural districts of Kentucky, being raised on a farm, and was familiar with the needs of his country constituents, while his opponent, while conceding him to be honorable and upright, is totally unfamiliar with the

needs of the farmer and out of sympathy with their interests, having spent his entire business life in Cincinnati, thought nominally a resident of Kentucky.

Judge Gilbert called on the women of Casey county not to permit Senator Beckham to be "crucified" for the sole reason that he helped to make possible the things for which they had hoped and prayed for years.

Democrats here said that Judge Gilbert had made a good impression on the voters in general and that his speech would have the effect of bringing out practically a solid vote of the women of Casey county.

## CATTLE PRICE LOW, QUANTITY IS LARGE

**Big Rush To Dispose of Stock Before Winter Is General Disposition Shown**

The rush of stock to the city for the October sale which began Saturday continued Monday morning, with cattle selling by the wholesale, and low in price. There were numerous mixed lots, with prices lower than usual, but with steady sales throughout the day. Prices ranged owing to the quality. There were some good lots of steers, but the bulk was common stock. The stock yards were filled during the day Saturday, with sales continuing until a late hour.

Steady & Davis, large shippers had more than 100 head of mixed cattle which are to be disposed of at this sale. Sheep were in the minority, and hogs were apparently an unknown quantity.

While there is said to be an abundance of grass, there is a general disposition to sell. The producer is taking no chances. One of them stated he did not like the price, but wanted to take no chance on the future, and was desirous of getting rid of the stock. Others stated that while there were plenty of grazing lands of good quality, he wanted to sell. Some admitted that they lost money at the selling price prevailing, but the immense quantity of stock rendered the situation such as to induce many others to dispose of their stock instead of holding it over for a later market.

Owing to the condition of the concrete on First street, this thoroughfare between Main and Irvine streets was closed and there was keen disappointment among those who had stock on the streets. Col. Robert Walker, who had the sale of a large quantity of household furniture, procured a place near Main and First streets, where he conducted successful sales. Furniture sold at good prices, and there was a big demand, some bringing what would be termed good prices for new furniture.

The supply of jacks was especially large. There was a general disposition upon the part of owners to dispose of their stock and while sales were numerous, the prices were regarded as low.

## EMIL LORISCH'S MIND BECOMES BLANK AT TIMES

A decided change has taken place in the mental faculties of Emil Lorsch, who shot and killed Mrs. Lucy Estes recently and then shot himself through the head, tearing away a large portion of his skull, since at times his mind becomes a blank. This condition was first discernible on Friday morning, attending physicians stated, and has been growing more pronounced since. At times the man remains for some time in a stupor, unable to recall or remember anything that transpires about him. It is claimed another operation will be necessary within a short time and that another large portion of skull will have to be removed.

## PAINT LICK

Jewell Wallace, Olin Patrick, Jas. Woods and Coleman Arnold attended the football game at Danville, Saturday.

Rev. J. L. Adkins, of Perryville, has been preaching at the Mt. Tabor church and has had two additions to the church.

The Normal football team will play the Paint Lick team Tuesday afternoon.

Prof. L. Hatfield has accepted the place as principal of the Paint Lick graded school and will take charge next Monday. Much to the delight of the patrons and friends of the school.

Rev. J. L. Atkins has been called to the pastorate of the Mt. Tabor church and the congregation and friends hope he will accept, as he is an able preacher and his sermons have been very much enjoyed in his week's preaching at that church.

A prominent Sinn Feiner was shot and killed by policemen in a hotel in Dublin.

Washington reports that coal needs will be supplied but that bins cannot be filled.

## PLAYING FOR PRIZES IS NOT GAMBLING

**Says Circuit Judge Charles Kerr In Discussing Question Before His Grand Jury**

An opinion by Circuit Judge Charles Kerr for prizes is not gambling will games for prizes is no gambling will be of interest here, where this very question has been agitating society circles for several days. The Lexington Leader had this about the judge's statement:

The charge by a Lexington minister that the investigation of a grand jury into the matter of women playing cards for prizes was dropped "when a list of thirty or more names of prominent women, church women, some of them, wives of professional men, one the wife of an official whose duty it is to enforce the laws," was refuted by Circuit Judge Charles Kerr in delivering his charge to the newly-empaneled grand jury.

This minister, Judge Kerr stated, "permitted his zeal to outstrip his better judgment and, I know, better intentions."

Judge Kerr said he assumed the incident was true and that if the women were cited for playing bridge for a prize that the matter was dropped by the grand jury—"not for the reason stated, but for the simple reason that it was not gambling and was not an offense in law."

Two reasons prompted Judge Kerr to refer to the incident, he said. "One is that the evil is so great we injure rather than help in our effort to minimize its baneful influences when we waste our ammunition on butterflies at a time when the fields are full of crows."

"The other is take advantage of the opportunity to correct what may be an error on the part of the public in regard to this form of amusement, as well as to instruct you on the subject. The law is so plain, under the interpretation of nearly every state in the union that one possessing the infirmities usually attributed to the wayfaring man need not err."

Judge Kerr, in continuing his charge, pointed out that gambling necessarily involves the element of hazard and that the opportunity to win or lose must be present. "The most reliable of our law treaties says it is not gambling to engage in game where those participating play for a prize, a premium, a stake or a reward of any kind, provided those participating in the game do not contribute to the purchase of the prize awarded to the successful contestant."

Where the hostess furnishes the prize, it was pointed out, the contestants do not stand to lose anything, and, therefore, they have not offended against the gambling laws.

## BIG DEMAND FOR MULE COLTS MONDAY

Mule colts were greatly in demand Monday. Several big buyers were here and some paid the top price for them. Lawton and Harvey, mule dealers of Pulaski county, were here from Somerset and bought a car load. The price didn't stop them when they wanted one of the little hybrids. They paid all the way from \$65 to \$125 for them. They also bought an aged mare mule for \$350. This is the first trip these buyers have made to Richmond for court day trading and they were greatly pleased with the treatment they received on all sides.

J. Lee Murphy, one of the most prominent young Boyle county traders, was also here court day buying mules and bought a number.

James Newby sold a mule colt Monday to Chess White for \$35.

## Matches Wilson's \$500

Franklin, Ky., Oct. 5.—Overton Harris, a Simpson county farmer, today matched President Wilson by giving his check for \$500, to be forwarded to National Committeeman J. N. Camden to be used in the fight to elect Cox and Roosevelt.

## DR. POWELL TO SPEAK HERE

Rev. Dr. E. L. Powell, Louisville, is a firm believer in the League of Nations, and will be here Thursday to speak on behalf of Cox and Roosevelt. While he has a number of other appointments, he insisted upon visiting Richmond, where he is well and favorably known, and give his version.

ROOMS FOR RENT—Three or four furnished rooms on South Second st. Phone 662. 241 4p